MODAL VERBS

MUST



OUTLINE: MUST

- 1. General characteristics of MUST
- 2. Affirmative form of MUST
- 3. Negative form of MUST
- 4. Interrogative form of MUST

Step 1: Characteristics of MUST

- 1. MUST is mostly used in the present tense.
 - I <u>must</u> go now.
- 2. A verb stem always follows MUST.
 - You <u>must come</u> to my office.
- 3. We do not add **'TO**' after MUST.
 - She <u>must</u> to be tired.
- 4. Additionally, MUST is able to replace other auxiliary verbs.
 - What <u>must I</u> do?

MODAL VERB (MUST)

AFFIRMATIVE FORM (FULL FORM)								
I You He/She/It We You They								
must								

NEGATIVE FORM (FULL AND SHORT FORMS)								
I	I You He/She/It We You They							
must not								
mustn't								

INTERROGATIVE FORM								
Must								
I	you	he	she	it	we	you	they	
go?								



Step 2: Affirmative Form of MUST (1)

- 1. MUST is used to talk about obligations. (STRONG SENSE OF DUTY)
 - I <u>must</u> respect the elderly.
- 2. MUST is used to **express necessity. (ESSENTIAL)**
 - I <u>must</u> eat more vegetables.
- 3. MUST is used **make deductions about the present. (PROBABILITY)**
 - *He <u>must</u> be at home. His car is outside.*
- 4. MUST is used to make deductions about the past.(STRONG GUESSES)
 - They <u>must</u> have been very happy.

Step 2: Affirmative Form of MUST (2)

- 1. MUST is used to make commands. (STRONG ORDERS)
 - You <u>must</u> go to bed now.
- 2. MUST is used to make positive suggestions. (RECOMMENDATIONS)
 - This movie is so nice. You <u>must</u> see it!

Step 3: Negative Form of MUST (1)

- 1. MUST + NOT is used to **talk about obligations.(DUTY)**
 - I <u>must not</u> talk rudely to the elderly.
- 2. MUST + NOT is used to express prohibition.(INTERDICTION)
 - You <u>must not</u> watch TV so late at night.
- 3. MUST + NOT is used to **make deductions about the present. (IMPROBABILTY)**
 - He <u>must not</u> be at home. His car is not outside.
- 4. MUST + NOT is used to make deductions about the past. (STRONG GUESSES)
 - *He <u>mustn't</u> have acted like a jerk.*

Step 3: Negative Form of MUST (2)

- 1. MUST + NOT is used to make negative suggestions.(HAD NOT BETTER...)
 - The food is horrible in that restaurant. You <u>mustn't</u> go there.

Step 4: Interrogative Form of MUST

(INTERROGATION)

- 1. MUST is used to ask questions about obligation. (DUTY)
 - <u>Must I</u> go to bed so early?
- 2. MUST is used to ask questions about necessity. (IS IT NECESSARY...?)
 - <u>Must I</u> do this?
- 3. MUST is used to **ask for information about obligation and necessity**.
 - What must we do exactly?
- 4. MUST is used to **make criticisms. (DISAPPROVAL)**
 - <u>Must you</u> talk so loudly?

SEMI-MODAL VERB (HAVE TO)

AFFIRMATIVE FORM (FULL AND SHORT FORMS)							
I	I You He/She/It We You They						
hav	ve to	has to	have to				
've to	o (rare)	's to (rare)	've to (rare)		e)		

NEGATIVE FORM (FULL AND SHORT FORMS)							
I	I You He/She/It We You The						
do not l don't h		does not have to doesn't have to	do not have to don't have to				

INTERROGATIVE FORM								
Do Does Do								
I	you	he	she	it	we you they			
have to go?								



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